CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021



For the year ended August 31, 2021

INDEX

	Page
MANAGEMENT REPORT	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2 - 3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	4
Consolidated Statement of Operations	5
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt	6
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	8 - 23
Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets	24

BRANT HALDIMAND NORFOLK



T 519.756.6369 **F** 519.756.9913 **E** info@bhncdsb.ca **www.bhncdsb.ca**

Mike McDonald, Director of Education & Secretary

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Financial Statements ended August 31, 2021

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Reporting

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Brant Haldimand Norfolk Catholic District School Board (the "Board") are the responsibility of the Board's management and have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act, supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act, as described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Board management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and Board policies and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Audit Committee of the Board meets with the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to the Board's approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Millard, Rouse, Rosebrugh LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Board. The accompanying Independent Auditors' Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Board's consolidated financial statements.

Mike McDonald

Mund

Director of Education & Secretary

Scott Keys, CPA, CA

Skays

Superintendent of Business & Treasurer

Brantford, Ontario November 23, 2021



P.O. Box 367, 96 Nelson Street Brantford, Ontario N3T 5N3 Telephone: (519) 759-3511 Facsimile: (519) 759-7961

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of

Brant Haldimand Norfolk Catholic District School Board

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Brant Haldimand Norfolk Catholic District School Board (the 'Board'), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2021, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Board as at August 31, 2021, and its results of operations, its changes in net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements which describes the basis of accounting used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and the significant differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

November 15, 2021 Brantford, Ontario CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
Licensed Public Accountants

Millard, Louse & Rosebrugh LLP

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at August 31	2021	2020
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	15,174,315	20,552,688
Accounts receivable		
Government of Ontario - Approved Capital (Note 2)	40,303,515	39,130,334
Other (Note 3)	13,585,830	10,720,334
Municipalities (Note 4)	1,479,559	6,532,579
Total Financial Assets	70,543,219	76,935,935
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5)	8,502,670	16,448,430
Accounts payable - other School Boards	<u>-</u>	(4,841)
Deferred revenue (Note 6)	6,727,471	3,935,512
Accrued vacation pay	708,265	714,832
Post employment/retirement benefits (Note 7)	1,572,121	1,055,388
Accrued interest on long term liabilities	629,490	686,018
Long term liabilities (Note 12)	36,845,186	39,942,808
Deferred capital contributions (Note 8)	103,762,512	100,798,886
Total Financial Liabilities	158,747,715	163,577,033
Net Debt	(88,204,496)	(86,641,098)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Supplies inventory	90,388	-
Tangible capital assets	118,936,315	116,480,878
NET ASSETS	30,822,207	29,839,780
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 14)	30,822,207	29,839,780

Approved on behalf of the Board

Chair of the Board Director of Education

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the year ended August 31	Budget 2021 (unaudited)	Actual 2021	Actual 2020
Revenues			
General legislative grants	134,925,354	134,239,509	125,750,043
Provincial grants - other	850,388	4,993,165	1,430,197
Federal grants and fees	905,535	960,070	977,422
Other fees and revenue	792,763	973,611	781,088
Investment income	250,000	139,573	276,575
School funded activities	3,500,000	1,227,446	2,444,973
Other revenue - school boards	366,935	415,116	428,611
	141,590,975	142,948,490	132,088,909
Expenses			
Instruction	106,538,792	108,980,044	97,840,977
Administration	5,113,968	4,613,608	4,423,598
Transportation	6,184,612	5,916,235	5,188,447
School operations and maintenance	20,107,208	20,143,668	18,603,713
Other	146,395	884,229	173,704
School funded activities	3,500,000	1,428,279	2,333,935
	141,590,975	141,966,063	128,564,374
Annual Surplus	-	982,427	3,524,535
Accumulated Surplus - Beginning of Year	-	29,839,780	26,315,245
Accumulated Surplus - End of Year	-	30,822,207	29,839,780

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

For the year ended August 31	2021	2020
Annual Surplus	982,427	3,524,535
Amortization of tangible capital assets	5,878,914	5,268,407
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (net of transferred CIP)	(8,334,351)	(7,729,058)
Change in supplies inventory	(90,388)	-
Change in Net Debt	(1,563,398)	1,063,884
Net Debt - Beginning of Year	(86,641,098)	(87,704,982)
Net Debt - End of Year	(88,204,496)	(86,641,098)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended August 31	2021	2020
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Annual surplus	982,427	3,524,535
Non-cash Charges to Operations		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	5,878,914	5,268,407
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(5,354,611)	(4,810,164)
Deferred revenue transferred to deferred capital contributions	2,382,112	4,189,275
Supplies inventory	(90,388)	-
	3,798,454	8,172,053
Sources (Uses) of Cash:		
Accounts receivable - Municipalities	5,053,020	(4,420,742)
Accounts receivable - Government of Ontario, Approved capital	(1,173,181)	2,596,596
Accounts receivable - other	(2,865,496)	(1,999,205)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(7,945,760)	9,727,500
Accounts payable - other School Boards	4,841	(137,034)
Deferred revenues	2,791,959	(163,624)
Accrued vacation pay	(6,567)	209,270
Post employment/retirement benefits	516,733	57,861
Accrued interest on long term liabilities	(56,528)	(53,219)
	(3,680,979)	5,817,403
Cash Flows From Capital Activities		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (net of transferred CIP)	(8,334,351)	(7,729,058)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Debenture and loan repayments	(3,097,622)	(3,002,498)
Capital grants received	5,936,125	2,218,562
	2,838,503	(783,936)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(5,378,373)	5,476,462
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	20,552,688	15,076,226
Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents	15,174,315	20,552,688

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with the basis of accounting described below.

a) Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act.

The Financial Administration Act requires that the consolidated financial statements be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles determined by the relevant Ministry of the Province of Ontario. A directive was provided by the Ontario Ministry of Education within memorandum 2004:B2 requiring school boards to adopt Canadian public sector accounting standards commencing with their year ended August 31, 2004 and that changes may be required to the application of these standards as a result of regulation.

In 2011, the government passed Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. The Regulation requires that contributions received or receivable for the acquisition or development of depreciable tangible capital assets and contributions of depreciable tangible capital assets for use in providing services, be recorded as deferred capital contributions and be recognized as revenue in the statement of operations over the periods during which the asset is used to provide service at the same rate that amortization is recognized in respect of the related asset. The regulation further requires that if the net book value of the depreciable tangible capital asset is reduced for any reason other than depreciation, a proportionate reduction of the deferred capital contribution along with a proportionate increase in the revenue be recognized. For Ontario school boards, these contributions include government transfers, externally restricted contributions and, historically, property tax revenue.

The accounting policy requirements under Regulation 395/11 are significantly different from the requirements of Canadian public sector accounting standards which require that:

- government transfers, which do not contain a stipulation that creates a liability, be recognized as
 revenue by the recipient when approved by the transferor and the eligibility criteria have been
 met in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3410;
- externally restricted contributions be recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources
 are used for the purpose or purposes specified in accordance with public sector accounting
 standard PS3100; and
- property taxation revenue be reported as revenue when received or receivable in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3510.

As a result, revenue recognized in the statement of operations and certain related deferred revenues and deferred capital contributions would be recorded differently under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Board and which are controlled by the Board.

School generated funds, which include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of various organizations that exist at the school level and which are controlled by the Board are reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated entities: Transportation Consortium School Generated Funds

Interdepartmental and inter-organizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

c) Trust Funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Board are not included in the consolidated financial statements as they are not controlled by the Board.

d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments. Short-term investments are highly liquid, subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and have a short maturity term of less than 90 days.

e) Deferred Revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred, or services are performed.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f) Deferred Capital Contributions

Contributions received or receivable for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset for use in providing services, or any contributions in the form of depreciable tangible assets received or receivable for use in providing services, shall be recognized as deferred capital contribution as defined in Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. These amounts are recognized as revenue at the same rate as the related tangible capital asset is amortized. The following items fall under this category:

- Government transfers received or receivable for capital purpose
- Other restricted contributions received or receivable for capital purpose
- Property taxation revenues which were historically used to fund capital assets

g) Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefits

The Board provides defined retirement and other future benefits to specified employee groups. These benefits include life insurance, extended health care, worker's compensation and long-term disability benefits.

As part of ratified labour collective agreements for unionized employees that bargain centrally and ratified central discussions with the Principals and Vice-Principals Associations, the following Employee Life and Health Trusts (ELHTs) were established in 2016-17: Ontario Secondary School Teachers' Federation (OSSTF), and Ontario English Catholic Teachers' Association (OECTA). The Ontario Non-union Education Trust (ONE-T) ELHT was established in 2017-2018 for non-unionized employees including principals and vice-principals. The ELHTs provide health, dental and life insurance benefits to teachers (excluding daily occasional teachers), education workers (excluding casual and temporary staff), and other school board staff. Currently ONE-T ELHT also provides benefits to individuals who retired prior to the school board's participation date in the ELHT. These benefits are provided through a joint governance structure between the bargaining/employee groups, school board trustees associations and the Government of Ontario. Boards no longer administer health, life and dental plans for their employees and instead are required to fund the ELHTs on a monthly basis based on a negotiated amount per full-time equivalency (FTE). Funding for the ELHTs is based on the existing benefits funding embedded within the Grants for Student Needs (GSN), including additional Ministry funding in the form of a Crown contribution and Stabilization Adjustment.

Depending on prior arrangements and employee groups, the Board continues to provide health, dental and life insurance benefits for certain retired individuals.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

g) Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefits (Continued)

The Board provides future benefits to specified employee groups. These benefits include non-vesting accumulated sick leave benefits and subsidized post-retirement health, dental and life insurance for certain retirees. In 2012, changes were made to the Board's non-vesting accumulating sick leave plan and retiree health, life and dental plan. The Board has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

(i) For self insured non-vesting accumulating sick leave plans and the retiree health, life and dental plan, the cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service. Under this method, the benefit costs are recognized over the expected average service life of the employee group.

For those self insured benefit obligations that arise from specific events that occur from time to time, such as obligations for worker's compensation, long-term disability and life insurance and health care benefits for those on disability leave, for those employees who are not yet members of an ELHT, the cost is recognized immediately in the period the events occur. Any actuarial gains and losses that are related to these benefits are recognized immediately in the period they arise.

- (ii) The costs of multi-employer defined pension plan benefits, such as the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System pensions, are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period;
- (iii) The costs of insured benefits are the employer's portion of insurance premiums owed for coverage of employees during the period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated amortization. Historical cost includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset, as well as interest related to financing during construction. When historical cost records were not available, other methods were used to estimate the costs and accumulated amortization.

Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Tangible capital assets, except land, are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Estimated Useful Life in Years
Land improvements with finite lives	15
Buildings and building improvements	40
Portable structures	20
Other buildings	20
First–time equipping of schools	10
Furniture	10
Equipment	5-15
Computer hardware	3
Computer software	5
Vehicles	5-10
Leasehold improvements	Over the lease term

Assets under construction and assets that relate to pre-acquisition and pre-construction costs are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

The useful life for computer hardware was revised from five years to three years based upon new information related to the actual life of the assets. There was no impact from this change, as these assets were already fully amortized.

Land permanently removed from service and held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Cost includes amounts for improvements to prepare the land for sale or servicing. Buildings permanently removed from service and held for resale cease to be amortized and are recorded at the lower of carrying value and estimated net realizable value. Tangible capital assets which meet the criteria for financial assets are reclassified as "assets held for sale" on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

i) Government Transfers

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made. If government transfers contain stipulations which give rise to a liability, they are deferred and recognized in revenue when the stipulations are met.

Government transfers for capital are deferred as required by Regulation 395/11, recorded as deferred capital contributions (DCC) and recognized as revenue in the consolidated statement of operations at the same rate and over the same periods as the asset is amortized.

j) Investment Income

Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

When required by the funding government or related Act, investment income earned on externally restricted funds such as pupil accommodation, education development charges and special education forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

k) Long-term Debt

Long-term debt is recorded net of related sinking fund asset balances.

1) Budget Figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the budget approved by the Trustees. The budget approved by the Trustees is developed in accordance with the provincially mandated funding model for school boards and is used to manage program spending within the guidelines of the funding model.

m) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1a) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Accounts subject to significant estimates include accruals, pension and post retirement benefits and deferred revenue. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

n) Property Tax Revenue

Under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, the Board that determines and sets the tax levy records the revenue in the financial statements, which in the case of the Board, is the Province of Ontario. As a result, property tax revenue received from the municipalities is recorded as part of Provincial Legislative Grants.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

2. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - GOVERNMENT OF ONTARIO

The Province of Ontario (Province) replaced variable capital funding with a one-time debt support grant in 2009-10. The Board received a one time grant that recognized capital debt as of August 31, 2010 that is supported by the existing capital programs. The Board receives this grant in cash over the remaining term of the existing capital debt instruments. The Board may also receive yearly capital grants to support capital programs which would be reflected in this accounts receivable.

The Board has accounts receivable from the Province of Ontario of \$40,303,515 as at August 31, 2021 (2020 - \$39,130,334) with respect to capital grants.

The Ministry of Education introduced a cash management strategy effective September 1, 2018. As part of the strategy, the Ministry delays part of the grant payment to school boards where the adjusted accumulated surplus and deferred revenue balances are in excess of certain criteria set out by the Ministry. The balance of delayed grant payments included in the receivable balance from the Government of Ontario at August 31, 2021 is \$11,185,052 (2020 - \$8,890,989).

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - OTHER	2021	2020
Other school boards	90,583	62,049
Government of Ontario	12,718,968	9,907,425
Government of Canada	519,679	394,849
Other	256,600	356,011
	13,585,830	10,720,334

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - MUNICIPALITIES

Due to the response to COVID-19, the Province of Ontario extended the deadlines for municipalities to pay Education Property Tax (EPT) amounts to the Board in the prior year. This amount for the Board was \$Nil (2020 - \$4,313,878) and has been included in accounts receivable on the statement of financial position. The amount was fully recovered by the Board in the school year.

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE - GOVERNMENT OF ONTARIO

Due to the response to COVID-19, the Province of Ontario extended the deadlines for municipalities to pay Education Property Tax (EPT) amounts to the Board in 2020. To mitigate the financial impact of this deferral, the Province adjusted its cash flow through the School Board Operating Grant in July 2020 to pay an additional amount equal to 25% of the annual education property tax amount as forecasted by the Board in the 2019-20 Revised Estimates. This amount for the Board in 2021 was \$NIL (2020 - \$4,611,304). The 2020 amount was fully recovered by the Province in 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

6. **DEFERRED REVENUE**

Revenues received and that have been set aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement are included in deferred revenue and reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Deferred revenue set-aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement as at August 31, 2021 is comprised of:

	Balance at August 31,	Externally restricted revenue	Revenue recognized	Transferred to DCC	Balance at August 31,
	2020	and interest			2021
Proceeds of disposition	561,067	-	-	192,254	368,813
Education					
development charge	1,516,803	1,103,332	45,693	-	2,574,442
Legislative grants - capital	66,365	8,126,124	5,323,464	1,783,046	1,085,979
Legislative grants - operating	1,359,553	18,552,768	18,655,340	-	1,256,981
Other education grants	297,564	365,402	10,017	-	652,949
Other grants	134,160	734,593	80,446	-	788,307
Other ministry grants	-	406,812	-	406,812	
	3,935,512	29,289,031	24,114,960	2,382,112	6,727,471

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

7. POST EMPLOYMENT / RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Actuarial Assumptions

The accrued benefit obligations for employee future benefit plans as at August 31, 2021 are based upon actuarial assumptions of future events determined for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2021 and adjusted for census and changes to the actuarial assumptions.

The assumptions used in the current valuation are as follows:

- i) Health costs are assumed to increase by 7.25% for 2019-20, 7.00% for 2020-21, reducing by .25% in each subsequent year to an ultimate rate of 4.5%.
- ii) Dental costs are assumed to increase by a flat rate of 4.5%.
- iii) Participation rates are assumed to be 100% of early retirement employees.
- iv) Discount rate was assumed to be 1.4% per annum.
- v) Inflation rate was assumed to be 2%

Retirement Life Insurance and Health Care Benefits

The Board provides life insurance, dental and health care benefits to certain employee groups after retirement, until the members reach 65 years of age. Staff retired after August 2005 pay actual retiree rates, if they chose to stay in the plan.

Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Obligations

The Board is a Schedule 2 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act and, as such, assumes responsibility for the payment of all claims to its injured workers under the Act. The Board does not fund these obligations in advance of payments made under the Act. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. School boards are required to provide salary top-up to a maximum of 4 1/2 years for employees receiving payments from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board, where the collective agreement negotiated prior to 2012 included such provision.

Sick Leave Top-Up Benefits

A maximum of 11 unused sick leave days from the current year may be carried forward into the following year only, to be used to top-up salary for illnesses paid through the short-term leave and disability plan in that year. The benefit costs expensed in the financial statements are \$152,686 (2020 - \$45,070).

For accounting purposes, the valuation for the accrued benefit obligation for the sick leave top-up is based on an actuarial assumptions about future events determined as at August 31, 2021 and is based on the average daily salary and banked sick days of employees as at August 31, 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended August 31, 2021

7. POST EMPLOYMENT / RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Retirement and Other E	Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefit Liabilities				
	Retirement Benefits	Long term disability and compensated absences	Compensation	Total Employee Future Benefits	Tota Employed Future Benefits
Accrued benefit at August 31	231,218	120,432	1,220,471	1,572,121	1,055,388
Retirement and Other E	mployee Future	Benefit Expense	es	2021	2020
Retirement and Other E	Retirement Benefits	Long term disability and compensated absences	Workers Compensation	Total Employee Future Benefits	Total Employee Future Benefits
Current year benefit cost Interest on accrued	Retirement	Long term disability and compensated	Workers Compensation	Total Employee	Total Employee Future
Current year benefit cost Interest on accrued benefit obligation	Retirement	Long term disability and compensated absences	Workers Compensation	Total Employee Future Benefits	Total Employee Future Benefits
Current year benefit cost Interest on accrued	Retirement Benefits	Long term disability and compensated absences	Workers Compensation 732,773	Total Employee Future Benefits 853,205	Total Employee Future Benefits 310,079

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

8. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

2021

2020

Deferred capital contributions include grants and contributions received that are used for the acquisition of tangible capital assets in accordance with regulation 395/11 that have been expended by year end. The contributions are amortized into revenue over the life of the asset acquired.

Beginning balance Additions to capital contributions (net)	100,798,886 5,936,125	99,201,213 2,218,562
Revenue recognized in the period Transfers from deferred revenue	(5,354,611) 2,382,112	(4,810,164) 4,189,275
Ending balance	103,762,512	100,798,886

9. ONTARIO MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All non-teaching employees of the Board are eligible to be members of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. The Board contributions equal the employee contributions to the plan. During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Board contributed \$1,896,078 (2020 - \$1,529,735) to the plan. As this is a multi-employer pension plan, these contributions are the Board's pension benefit expenses. No pension liability for this type of plan is included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

The OMERS pension plan has a deficit. If actuarial surpluses are not available to offset the existing deficit and subsidize future contributions, increases in contributions may be required in the future.

10. ONTARIO TEACHER'S PENSION PLAN

Teachers and related employee groups are eligible to be members of Ontario Teacher's Pension Plan. Employer contributions for these employees are provided directly by the Province of Ontario. The pension costs and obligations related to this plan are a direct responsibility of the Province. Accordingly, no costs or liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

11. TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds administered by the Board amounting to \$340,136 (2020 - \$341,581) have not been included in the consolidated statement of financial position nor have their operations been included in the consolidated statement of operations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

12. LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Debenture debt, capital loans and obligation under capital leases reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position comprises the following:

of Financial Position comprises the following:	2021	2020
4.9% debenture payable, semi-annual payments of \$58,141 including principal and interest, maturing March 2033.	1,032,440	1,095,795
6.5% debenture payable, semi-annual payments of \$772,885 including principal and interest, maturing October 2026.	7,043,503	8,076,885
3.799% debenture payable, semi-annual payments of \$201,402 including principal and interest, maturing March 2038.	4,976,963	5,184,753
2.425% debenture payable, semi-annual payments of \$160,409 including principal and interest, maturing November 2021.	158,488	469,790
4.867% debenture payable, semi-annual payments of \$375,851 including principal and interest, maturing March 2029.	4,932,227	5,425,789
4.56% OFA debenture payable, semi-annual payments of \$114,507 including principal and interest, maturing November 2031.	1,894,057	2,031,968
5.062% OFA debenture payable, semi-annual payments of \$85,137 including principal and interest, maturing March 2034.	1,591,915	1,678,312
5.384% OFA debenture payable, semi-annual payments of \$462,624 including principal and interest, maturing May 2034.	8,571,223	9,016,920
5.232% PCS Stage 1 loan payable, semi-annual payments of \$52,483 including principal and interest, maturing April 2035.	1,028,050	1,077,287
5.232% GPL Stage 4 loan payable, semi-annual payments of \$32,797 including principal and interest, maturing April 2035.	642,433	673,202
5.232% PTR Phase 2 loan payable, semi-annual payments of \$253,921 including principal and interest, maturing April 2035.	4,973,887	5,212,107
	36,845,186	39,942,808

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

12. LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Of the net long term liabilities outstanding of \$36,845,186, principal and interest payments are payable over the next five years as follows:

		Interest	
	Principal	Payments	Total
2022	3,101,006	1,877,273	4,978,279
2023	3,107,695	1,711,801	4,819,496
2024	3,282,380	1,537,116	4,819,496
2025	3,467,134	1,352,361	4,819,495
2026	3,662,551	1,156,945	4,819,496
thereafter	20,224,420	4,398,357	24,622,777
	36,845,186	12,033,853	48,879,039

Interest paid on long-term debt amounted to \$1,993,824 (2020 - \$2,145,800).

As of August 31, 2021, the Board had \$310,384 (2020 - \$310,384) in letters of credit outstanding related to ongoing construction projects.

. Е	EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT	Budget 2021 (unaudited)	Actual 2021	Actual 2020	
	The following is a summary of Operations by object:	current expenditures reported or	n the Consolidated	Statement of	
C	Current expenditures:				
	alary and wages	94,789,795	97,720,331	88,563,650	
	Employee benefits	15,783,610	16,925,492	14,606,957	
	taff development	427,584	261,004	268,200	
	upplies and services	12,817,234	9,274,341	9,770,006	
	nterest on long term debt	2,095,689	1,993,824	2,145,800	
	Lental expenditures	19,255	21,445	19,648	
	ees and contract services	9,623,754	8,926,989	7,672,094	
O	Other	268,035	963,723	249,612	
A	amortization	5,766,019	5,878,914	5,268,407	
		141,590,975	141,966,063	128,564,374	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

14. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (DEFICIT)

Accumulated surplus (deficit) consists of the following:	2021	2020		
	2021	2020		
Surplus (Deficit):				
Invested in non-depreciable tangible capital assets	6,677,353	6,677,353		
Employee future benefits to be covered in the future	(1,572,121)	(1,055,388)		
School generated funds	1,758,656	1,959,488		
Other	23,958,319	22,258,327		
	30,822,207	29,839,780		

15. TRANSPORTATION CONSORTIUM

On October 1, 2008, the Board entered into an agreement with Grand Erie District School Board and CSC MonAvenir in order to provide common administration of student transportation in the Region. This agreement was executed in an effort to increase delivery efficiency and cost effectiveness of student transportation for each of the Boards. Under the agreement, decisions related to the financial and operating activities of Student Transportation Services of Brant Haldimand Norfolk are shared. No partner is in a position to exercise unilateral control.

On October 14, 2010, Student Transportation Services of Brant Haldimand Norfolk was incorporated.

Below provides condensed financial information for the consortium.

		2021		2020	
	Total I	Board Portion	Total	Board Portion	
Financial Position					
Financial Assets	269,346	262,666	178,129	166,250	
Liabilities	269,346	262,666	178,129	166,250	
Accumulated Surplus	-	-	-	-	
Operations					
Revenues	19,268,092	5,855,472	17,351,583	5,106,259	
Expenses	19,268,092	5,855,472	17,351,583	5,106,259	
Annual Surplus	-	-	-	-	

This entity is proportionately consolidated in the Board's consolidated financial statements whereby the Board's pro-rata share of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the consortium are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. Inter-organizational transactions and balances have been eliminated.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

16. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Board is involved from time to time in litigation, which arises in the normal course of business. Where the potential liability is likely and able to be estimated, management records its best estimate of the potential liability. In other cases, the ultimate outcome of the claims cannot be determined at this time. Any additional losses related to claims will be recorded in the year during which the liability is able to be estimated or adjustments to any amount recorded are determined to be required.

17. ONTARIO SCHOOL BOARD INSURANCE EXCHANGE (OSBIE)

The Board is a member of the Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE), a reciprocal insurance company licensed under the Insurance Act. OSBIE insures general public liability, property damage and certain other risks. Liability insurance is available to a maximum of \$27 million per occurrence.

The ultimate premiums over a five-year period are based on the reciprocal's and the Board's actual claims experience. Periodically, the Board may receive a refund or be asked to pay an additional premium based on its pro rata share of claims experience. The current five-year term expires December 31, 2021.

18. REPAYMENT OF "55 SCHOOL BOARD TRUST" FUNDING

On June 1, 2003, the Board received \$1,965,017 from The 55 School Board Trust for its capital related debt eligible for provincial funding support pursuant to a 30-year agreement it entered into with the trust. The 55 School Board Trust was created to refinance the outstanding Not Permanently Financed (NPF) debt of participating boards who are beneficiaries of the Trust. Under the terms of the agreement, The 55 School Board Trust repaid the Board's debt in consideration for the assignment by the Board to the Trust of future provincial grants payable to the Board in respect of the NPF debt.

As a result of the above agreement, the liability in respect of the NPF debt is no longer reflected in the Board's financial position.

19. IN-KIND TRANSFERS FROM THE MINISTRY OF GOVERNMENT AND CONSUMER SERVICES

The Board has recorded entries, both revenues and expenses, associated with centrally procured in-kind transfers of personal protective equipment (PPE) and critical supplies and equipment (CSE) received from the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services (MGCS). The amounts recorded were calculated based on the weighted average cost of the supplies as determined by MGCS and quantity information based on the board's records. The in-kind value of these transfers is \$591,780 with expenses, based on use of \$501,392. The remaining net impact of \$90,388 has been recorded as an asset.

20. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain prior year figures, provided for the purpose of comparison, have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

21. COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization characterized the outbreak of a new strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, all schools were closed in Brant, Haldimand, and Norfolk Counties in January 2021 and remained closed from April 2021 to September 2021. In addition for the 2020-2021 school year students were given the option to enroll in virtual learning. As the impacts of COVID-19 continue, there could be further impacts on the Board, its students, and its funding sources. Management is actively monitoring the effect on the Board's financial condition, operation, suppliers, and workforce. Given the daily changes in the COVID-19 pandemic and the global responses to curb its spread, the Board is not able to fully estimate the future effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its financial results or condition.

SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

For the year ended August 31, 2021

	Land & Land Improvements	Building (40 years)	Portable structures	Equipment (5 years) a	Equipment and Furniture	Computer hardware	Computer software	Vehicles	Construction in progress	Total 2021	Total 2020
Cost											
Balance, beginning of year	10,427,651	160,378,154	9,382,459	35,503	3,281,429	4,609,464	568,314	366,891	208,483	189,258,348	181,529,290
Additions during the year	823,797	3,506,560	294,951	-	223,730	1,251,139	13,383	-	2,279,345	8,392,905	10,033,552
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(58,554)	(58,554)	(2,304,494)
Balance, end of year	11,251,448	163,884,714	9,677,410	35,503	3,505,159	5,860,603	581,697	366,891	2,429,274	197,592,699	189,258,348
Accumulated Amortization											
Balance, beginning of year	359,520	60,898,829	3,651,284	35,503	2,924,751	4,092,623	568,314	246,646	-	72,777,470	67,509,063
Amortization during the year	256,003	4,959,939	344,456	-	111,894	172,280	4,461	29,881	-	5,878,914	5,268,407
Balance, end of year	615,523	65,858,768	3,995,740	35,503	3,036,645	4,264,903	572,775	276,527	-	78,656,384	72,777,470
Net book value of tangible capital assets	10,635,925	98,025,946	5,681,670	-	468,514	1,595,700	8,922	90,364	2,429,274	118,936,315	116,480,878